

FUND FACTS

Ticker	MKOR
CUSIP	577-125-784
Inception	10/29/10
Listing Date	7/17/23
Primary Exchange	NYSE Arca
Gross Expense Ratio	0.79%

Portfolio Statistics

Net Assets \$44.3 million

Benchmark

MSCI Korea 25-50 Index¹ Korea Composite Stock Price Index (KOSPI)²

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Sojung ParkMichael J. Oh, CFAPortfolio ManagerPortfolio Manager

INVESTMENT APPROACH

Matthews Asia believes in the long-term growth of Asia, one of the world's fastest-growing regions. Since 1991, we have focused our efforts and expertise in these countries, investing through a variety of market environments. Matthews Asia is the largest dedicated Asia-only investment specialist in the United States. With \$6.3 billion in assets under management as of March 31, 2025 Matthews Asia employs a bottom-up, fundamental investment philosophy with a focus on long-term investment performance.

Portfolio characteristics for the Fund may vary from time to time from what is shown. It should not be assumed that any investment in the securities listed was or will be profitable.

You should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Matthews Asia Funds before making an investment decision. A prospectus or summary prospectus with this and other information about the Funds may be obtained by visiting matthewsasia.com. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

Matthews Korea Active ETF (MKOR)

The Matthews Korea Fund reorganized into the Matthews Korea Active ETF on July 14, 2023. March 31, 2025

Investment Objective

Long-term capital appreciation.

Strategy

Under normal circumstances, the Matthews Korea Active ETF seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of its net assets, which include borrowings for investment purposes, in the common and preferred stocks of companies located in South Korea. The Fund seeks to invest in companies capable of sustainable growth based on the fundamental characteristics of those companies, including balance sheet information; number of employees; size and stability of cash flow; management's depth, adaptability and integrity; product lines; marketing strategies; corporate governance; and financial health.

Risks

Investments in Asian securities may involve risks such as social and political instability, market illiquidity, exchange-rate fluctuations, a high level of volatility and limited regulation. Investing in emerging markets involves different and greater risks, as these countries are substantially smaller, less liquid and more volatile than securities markets in more developed markets. In addition, investments in a single-country fund, which is considered a non-diversified fund, may be subject to a higher degree of market risk than diversified funds because of concentration in a specific country. These and other risks associated with investing in the Fund can be found in the prospectus.

PERFORMANCE AS OF MARCH 31, 2025								
			_	Average Annual Total Returns				
	3 Months	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Since Inception
NAV	1.57%	1.57% -	15.01%	-7.32%	5.85%	1.81%	4.16%	10/29/10
Market Price	2.98%	2.98% -	14.12%	-7.22%	5.92%	1.84%	4.19%	10/29/10
MSCI Korea 25-50 Index	4.58%	4.58% -	17.50%	-6.65%	5.34%	2.10%	n.a.	n.a.
KOSPI	4.34%	4.34% -:	15.84%	-7.58%	5.33%	1.12%	1.88%	n.a.

The performance data does not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on dividends, capital gain distributions or redemption of fund shares. Values are in US\$. Source: BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc.

Effective April 29, 2024, the primary benchmark changed from the Korea Composite Stock Price index to the MSCI Korea 25-50 Index.

- 1 The MSCI Korea 25-50 Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Korean market. It applies certain investment limits that are imposed on regulated investment companies, or RICs, under the current US Internal Revenue Code.
- 2 The Korea Composite Stock Price Index is a market capitalization- weighted index of all common stocks listed on the Korea Stock Exchange. Index is for comparative purposes only and it is not possible to invest directly in an index. The Matthews Korea ETF acquired the assets and liabilities of the predecessor mutual fund, the Matthews Korea Fund, on July 17, 2023. As a result of the transaction, the Fund adopted the accounting and performance history of its predecessor mutual fund. Performance results shown prior to July 17, 2023, reflect the performance of the predecessor mutual fund. The Market Price returns shown prior to July 17, 2023 reflects the predecessor mutual fund's NAV.

Performance assumes reinvestment of all dividends and/or distributions before taxes. All performance quoted represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate with market conditions so that when redeemed, shares may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the return figures quoted. Returns would have been lower if certain of the Fund's fees and expenses had not been waived. For the Fund's most recent month-end performance visit matthewsasia.com.

Net asset value ("NAV") returns are based on the dollar value of a single share of the ETF, calculated using the value of the underlying assets of the ETF minus its liabilities, divided by the number of shares outstanding. The NAV is typically calculated at 4:00 pm Eastern time on each business day the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. Market returns are based on the trade price at which shares are bought and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc. using the last share trade. Market performance does not represent the returns you would receive if you traded shares at other times. Total Return reflects the reinvestment of distributions on exdate for NAV returns and payment date for Market Price returns. The market price of the ETF's shares may differ significantly from their NAV during periods of market volatility.

ETFs may trade at a premium or discount to NAV. Shares of any ETF are sold at market price (not NAV) and are not individually redeemed from the Fund. Brokerage commissions will reduce returns.

Matthews Korea Active ETF

March 31, 2025

TOP TEN HOLDINGS ³		
	Sector	% of Net Assets
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	Information Technology	16.4%
SK Hynix, Inc.	Information Technology	7.9%
BGF Retail Co., Ltd.	Consumer Staples	4.5%
Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd.	Health Care	4.4%
KT&G Corp.	Consumer Staples	4.4%
NAVER Corp.	Communication Services	4.2%
S-Oil Corp.	Energy	4.1%
SK Telecom Co., Ltd.	Communication Services	3.4%
ESR Kendall Square REIT Co., Ltd.	Real Estate	3.2%
Macquarie Korea Infrastructure Fund	Financials	2.9%
% OF ASSETS IN TOP TEN		55.4%

SECTOR ALLOCATION (%) ⁴					
	Fund	Benchmark	Difference		
Information Technology	32.7	37.6	-4.9		
Communication Services	10.1	6.5	3.6		
Consumer Staples	9.8	2.4	7.4		
Financials	9.4	13.1	-3.7		
Consumer Discretionary	9.3	9.5	-0.2		
Health Care	7.2	7.6	-0.4		
Industrials	6.5	17.4	-10.9		
Energy	4.1	1.5	2.6		
Real Estate	3.2	0.0	3.2		
Utilities	1.2	0.6	0.6		
Materials	0.9	3.9	-3.0		
Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities	5.5	0.0	5.5		

Sector data based on MSCI's revised Global Industry

Classification Standards. For more details, visit

Source: FactSet Research Systems

www.msci.com.

Mega Cap (over \$25B)	33.9	41.3	-7.4		
Large Cap (\$10B-\$25B)	15.7	33.1	-17.4		
Mid Cap (\$3B-\$10B)	20.2	23.6	-3.4		
Small Cap (under \$3B)	24.6	1.9	22.7		
Cash and Other Assets, Less Liabilities	5.5	0.0	5.5		
Less Elabilities					
Source: FactSet Research Systems					
PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS					
		Fund	Benchmark		
Number of Positions		33	81		
Weighted Avg. Market Cap					
(in billions)		\$62.0	\$81.8		
Active Share ⁶		62.9	n.a.		
P/E Using FY1 Estimates	9.1x	8.2x			
P/E Using FY2 Estimates	7	7.8x	7.2x		
Price/Cash Flow ⁸		5.0	4.5		
Price/Book ⁹		1.0	0.9		
Return on Equity ¹⁰		11.8	11.9		
EPS Growth (3 Years) ¹¹		5.7%	2.5%		

Source: FactSet Research Systems

Fund Benchmark Difference

MARKET CAP EXPOSURE (%)4,5

The Benchmark used for comparison on this page is the MSCI Korea 25-50 Index.

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Investing in emerging and frontier securities involves greater risks than investing in securities of developed markets, as issuers in these countries generally disclose less financial and other information publicly or restrict access to certain information from review by non-domestic authorities. Emerging and frontier markets tend to have less stringent and less uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, limited regulatory or governmental oversight, and limited investor protection or rights to take action against issuers, resulting in potential material risks to investors. Investing in mid-size companies is more risky than investing in larger companies as they may be more volatile and less liquid than large companies. In addition, single-country funds may be subject to a higher degree of market risk than diversified funds because of concentration in a specific industry, sector or geographic location. Pandemics and other public health emergencies can result in market volatility and disruption.

- 3 Holdings may combine more than one security from the same issuer and related depositary receipts. Fund holdings are subject to change.
- 4 Percentage values in data are rounded to the nearest tenth of one percent; the values may not sum to 100% due to rounding. Percentage values may be derived from different data sources and may not be consistent with other Fund literature.
- 5 Equity market cap of issuer.
- 6 Active Share is calculated by taking the absolute value of the difference between portfolio holdings and benchmark weights, summing all of these differences, and dividing by two. The calculation will result in an active share number between 0%, which indicates the portfolio perfectly replicates the benchmark, and 100%, which indicates there is no overlap whatsoever between the portfolio and the index. Active Share was calculated including cash held in the Fund.
- 7 The P/E Ratio is the share price of a stock as of the report date, divided by the forecasted earnings per share for a 12month period (FY1) or a 24-month period (FY2). For the Fund, this is the weighted harmonic average estimated P/E ratio of all the underlying stocks in the Fund, excluding negative earners. There is no guarantee that the composition of the Fund will remain unchanged, or that forecasted earnings of a stock will be realized. Information provided is for illustrative purposes only.
- 8 A measure of the market's expectations of a firm's future financial health. Because this measure deals with cash flow, the effects of depreciation and other non-cash factors are removed. Similar to price/earnings ratio, this measure provides an indication of relative value.
- 9 Price-to-Book Ratio (P/B Ratio) is used to compare a stock's market value to its book value. It is calculated by dividing the current closing price of the stock by the latest quarter's book value per share. A lower P/B ratio could mean that the stock is undervalued.
- 10 Return on Equity (ROE) is the amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Return on equity measures a corporation's profitability by revealing how much profit a company generates with the money shareholders have invested, and is calculated as net income divided by shareholder's equity.
- 11 Earnings Per Share (EPS) is the amount of annual profit (after tax and all other expenses) attributable to each share in a company. EPS is calculated by dividing profit by the average number of shares in a company. Earnings growth is not a measure of a fund's future performance.